

## CHAPTER V

### CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

This chapter draws a conclusion based on the preceding chapter's data analysis summary. The suggestion is also made for future researchers who do similar studies.

#### 5.1 Conclusion

The purpose of the study was to determine how Surah Al-Ghasyiyah of the Holy Qur'an in English was affixed. Surah Al-Ghasyiyah was the source text for this study's analysis. This study employed a descriptive qualitative research methodology to carry out its investigation. Additionally, Bauer (1988) theory was applied in this investigation. Based on the theory, there are six different categories of affixation processes, including prefix, suffix, circumfixes, infixes, interfixes, and transfixes. It is crucial to recognize the limitations of this study because they could affect how universal and applicable the conclusions are. Hence, I limit this study into two types of affixation, namely prefixes and suffixes, by examining both types of affixes, which are inflectional affixes and derivational affixes. Only Suffix and Prefix, out of a total of 6 types of affixation processes, were identified in this study's analysis of the data. According to the data analysis, there was 35 data on affixation in Surah Al-Ghasyiyah of the Holy Qur'an, including 15 data on suffix inflectionals, 18 data on suffix derivatives, and 2 data on prefix derivatives.

The most frequent method used in Surah Al-Ghasyiah is the Suffix Derivational. For all 35 data, there were 18 derivational process data.

From the Data Analysis of this research, it can be seen that four types of Affixation were not found in the Holy Qur'an Surah Al-Ghasyiah, which are Circumfixes, Infixes, Interfixes, and Transfixes.

## 5.2 Suggestion

Several recommendations are suggested for English language learners, English Literature program students, and future researchers in the same field. Firstly, for English language learners, studying affixation is highly beneficial for expanding their knowledge of English, particularly in the areas of Linguistics and Grammar. By understanding the various types of affixation, students will find it easier to form new words. Secondly, for the English Literature program, this research can serve as valuable supplementary material for teaching Linguistics, especially in the field of Morphology. Thirdly, for future researchers in the same field, this study suggests delving deeper into Linguistics, particularly in morphology, affixation refers to the formation of new words through various procedures, such as Suffixes, Prefixes, Circumfixes, Infixes, Interfixes, and Transfixes. Furthermore, this study might be used as a resource for other scholars working on similar research. Hopefully, it will prove beneficial in enhancing the readers' knowledge about affixation.